GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE CALIENTE QUADRANGLE, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEVADA

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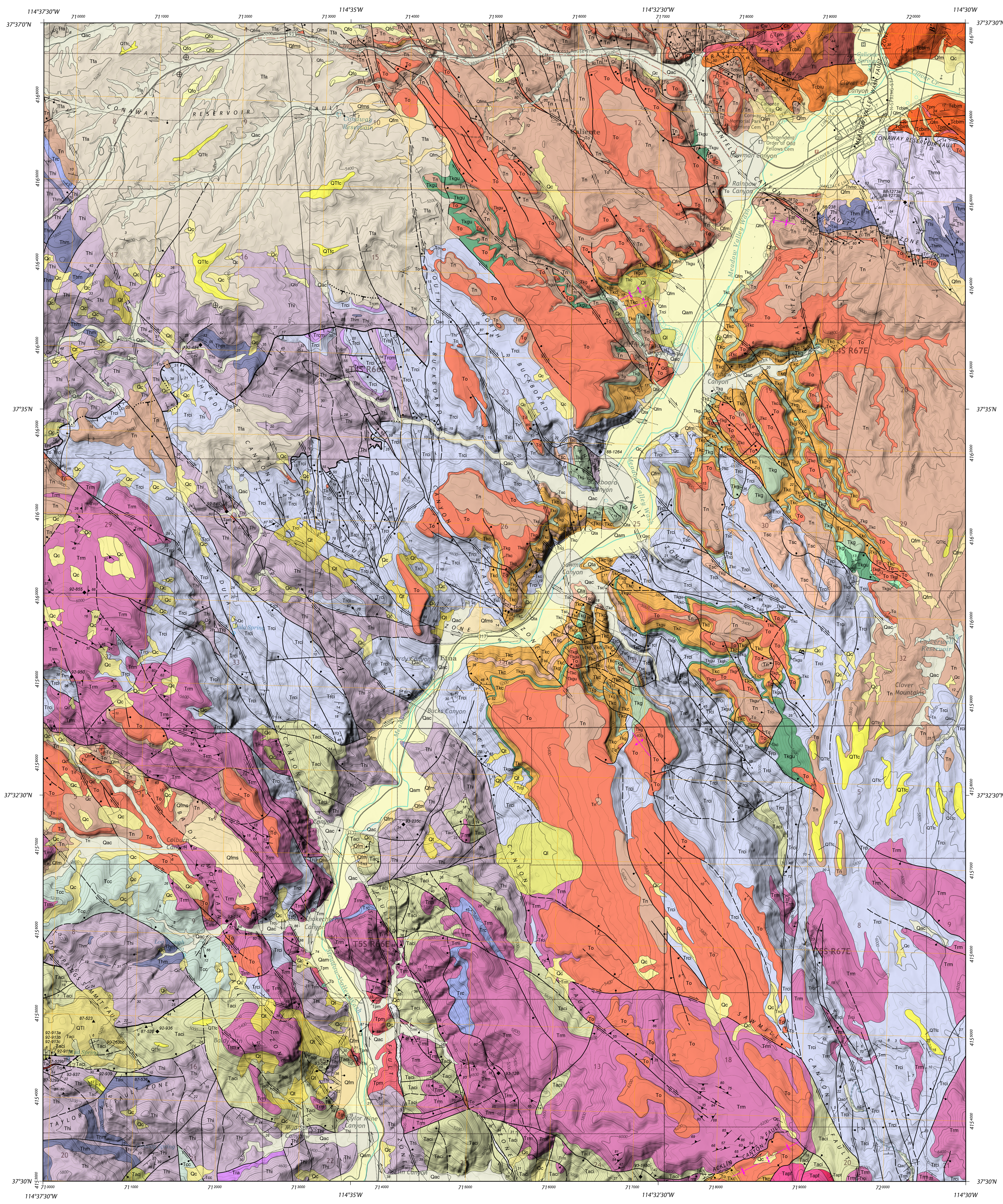
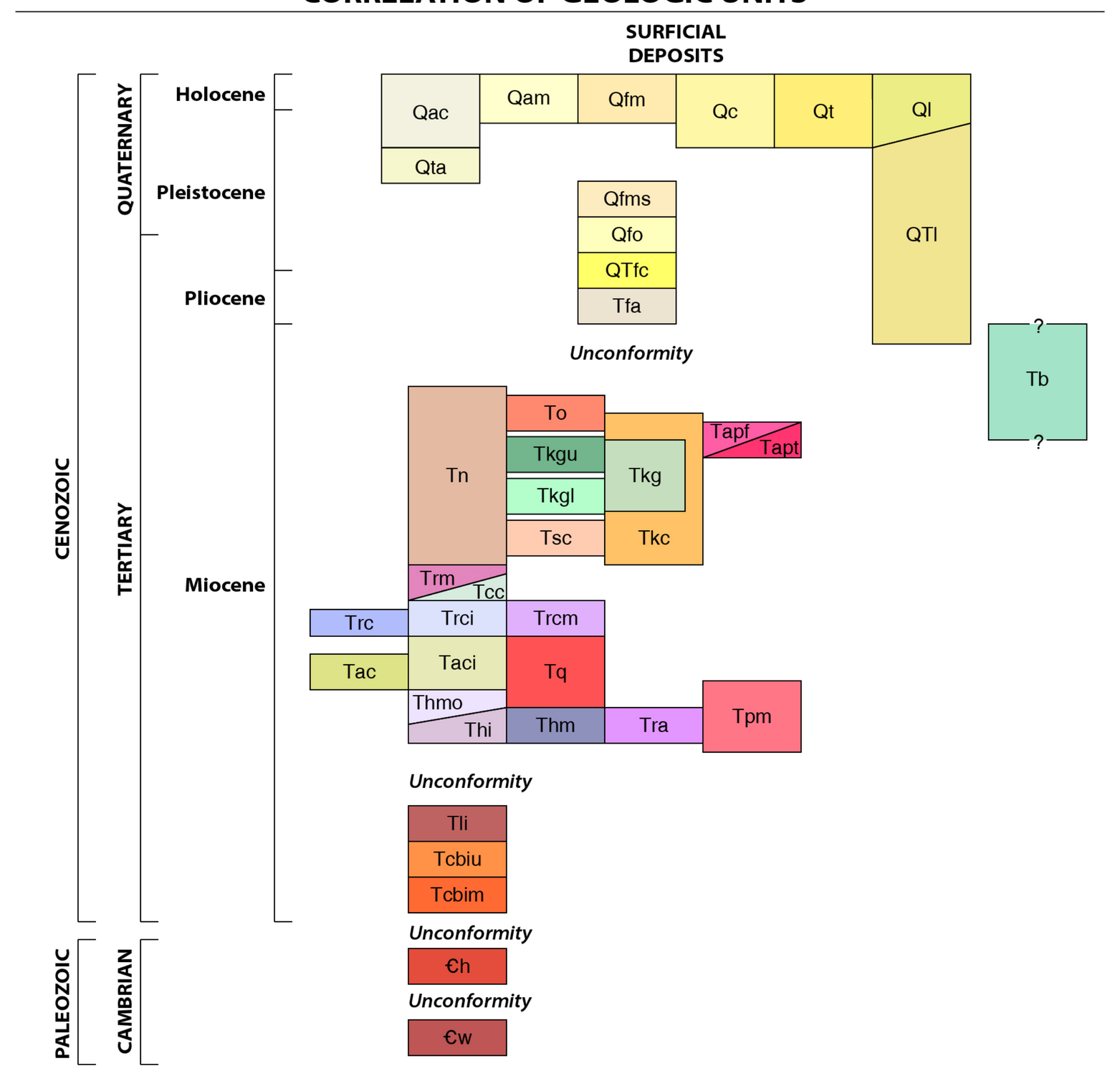
2025



CORRELATION OF GEOLOGIC UNITS



MAP SYMBOLS

Contact *Solid where certain.*

Fault *Solid where certain and location accurate, dashed where approximately located, dotted where concealed.*

Normal fault *Solid where certain and location accurate, dashed where approximately located, dotted where concealed. Showing dip value and direction, ball on downthrown side. In cross section, arrows show relative motion.*

Strike-slip fault *Solid where certain and location accurate, dashed where approximately located, dotted where concealed. Showing dip value and direction, inclined slickenline showing plunge, arrows show relative motion. In cross sections, A—away from observer, T—toward observer.*

Oblique-slip fault *Solid where certain and location accurate, dashed where approximately located, dotted where concealed. Showing dip value and direction, inclined slickenline showing plunge, ball on downthrown side, arrows show relative motion. In cross sections, A—away from observer, T—toward observer, arrows show relative motion.*

Caldera margin *Solid where certain and location accurate, dotted where concealed. Ticks point into caldera.*

Breccia *Pattern where fault is a wide zone of breccia.*

Anticline *Solid where certain and location accurate, dashed where approximately located, dotted where concealed.*

Syncline *Solid where certain and location accurate, dotted where concealed.*

A — A′ **Line of cross section**

Strike and dip of bedding

41 *Inclined*

Horizontal

Strike and dip of flow foliation

59 *Inclined*

92-937 **Geochemistry sample** *Label shows sample number. See Table 1 in accompanying text.*

88-1264 **Geochronology sample** *Label shows sample number. See Table 2 in accompanying text.* *$^{40}Ar/^{39}Ar$*

GEOLOGIC UNITS

See accompanying text for full unit descriptions and references for this map.

QUATERNARY DEPOSITS

- Qac — Alluvium and colluvium, undivided (Holocene and late Pleistocene)
- Qam — Main-stream floodplain alluvium (Holocene and latest Pleistocene?)
- Qfm — Fan alluvium of Meadow Valley (Holocene and latest Pleistocene?)
- Qc — Colluvium (Holocene and late Pleistocene)
- Qt — Talus and minor hillslope colluvium (Holocene and late Pleistocene)
- Ql — Landslide deposits (Holocene and late Pleistocene)
- Qta — Terrace alluvium (late Pleistocene)
- QTl — Old landslide deposits (Pleistocene, Pliocene, or late Miocene)
- Qfms — Fan alluvium of Miller Spring Wash (middle Pleistocene)
- Qfo — Fan alluvium of Oxborrow Ranch (early Pleistocene)
- QTfc — Fan alluvium of Chief Mountain (early Pleistocene or late Pliocene)

TERTIARY ROCKS

- Tfa — Fan alluvium of Antelope Canyon (Pliocene)
- Tb — Basalt (Miocene)
- Tn — Sedimentary rocks of Newman Canyon (Miocene)
- To — Ox Valley Tuff (Miocene)
- Tkc — Tuff of Kershaw Canyon (Miocene)

Aphyric rhyolite of Pennsylvania Canyon (Miocene)

- Tapf — Lava flows
- Tapt — Tuff

- Tkg — Gregerson Basin Member of the Kane Wash Tuff (Miocene)
  - Tkgu — Upper unit
  - Tkgl — Lower unit
- Tsc — Tuff of Sawmill Canyon (Miocene)
- Trm — Rhyolite lava flows of Meadow Valley Wash (Miocene)
- Tcc — Tuffaceous sediments of Chokecherry Canyon (Miocene)

Tuff of Rainbow Canyon (Miocene)

- Trci — Intracaldera tuff
- Trc — Outflow tuff
- Trcm — Intracaldera megabreccia deposits

Tuff of Acklin Canyon (Miocene)

- Taci — Intracaldera tuff
- Tac — Outflow tuff

- Tq — Quartz veins of Taylor Mine (Miocene)
- Tpm — Porphyry of Meadow Valley Wash (Miocene)

Hiko Tuff (Miocene)

- Thmo — Moat deposits
- Thi — Intracaldera deposits
- Thm — Intracaldera megabreccia deposits

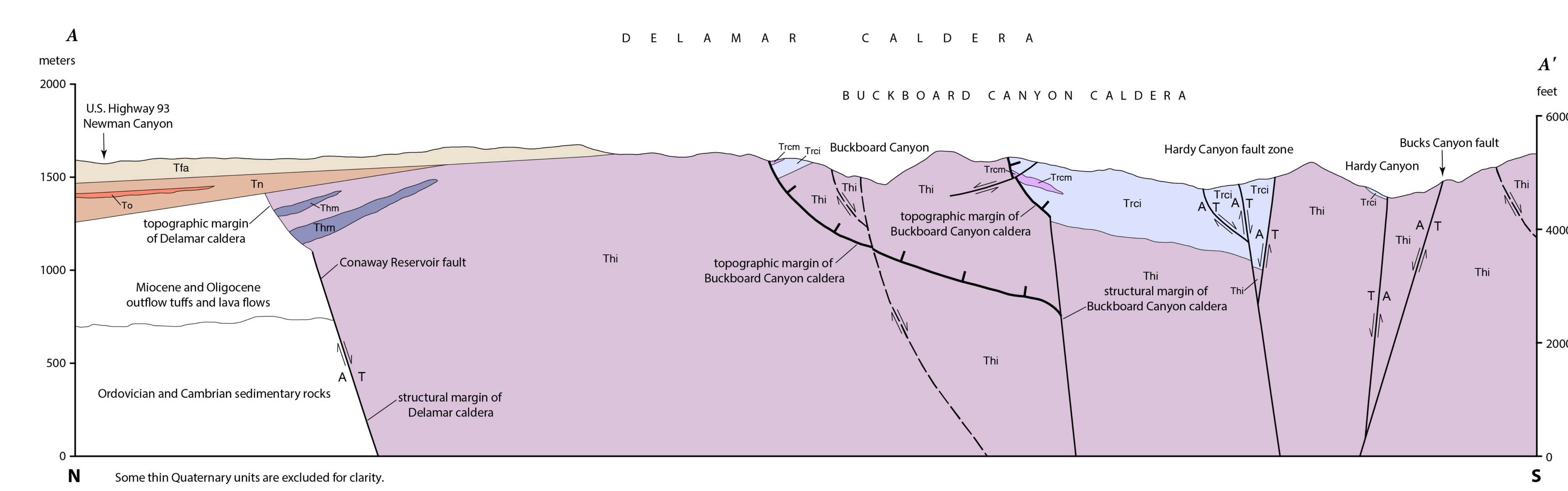
- Tra — Rhyolite of Applewhite Spring (Miocene)
- Tli — Lava flows of Indian Cove (Miocene)

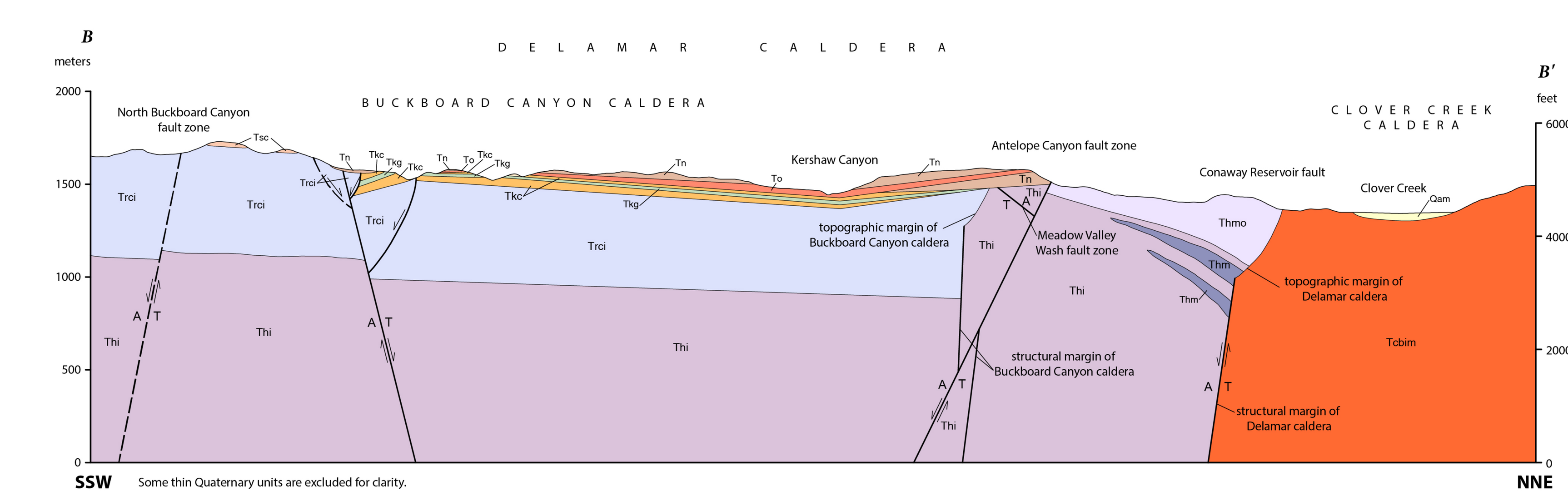
Bauers Tuff Member of the Condor Canyon Formation (Miocene)

- Tcbiu — Upper part of intracaldera facies
- Tcbim — Main body of intracaldera facies

PALEOZOIC SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

- Ꞓh — Highland Peak Formation (Upper and Middle Cambrian)
- Ꞓw — Wood Canyon Formation (Lower Cambrian)





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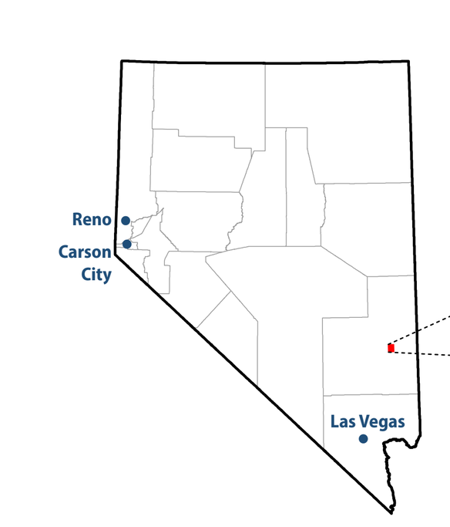

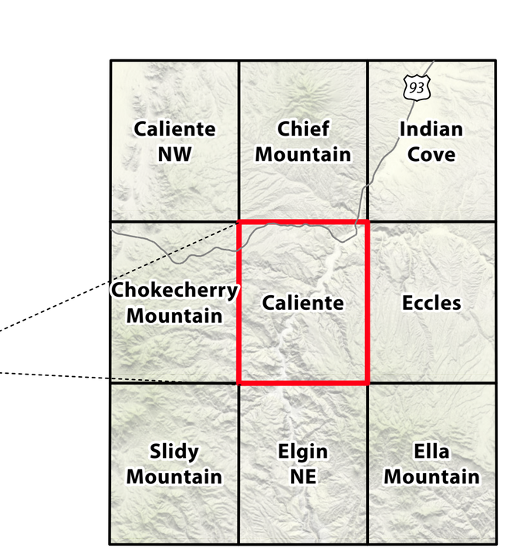

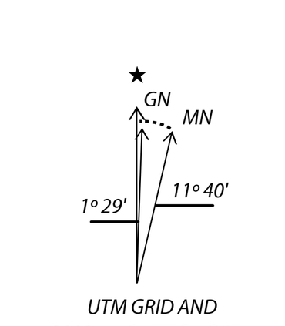

UTM GRID AND
2019 MAGNETIC NORTH
DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET

Scale 1:24,000

0 — 0.5 — 1 KILOMETER

0 — 0.5 — 1 MILE

0 — 1,000 — 2,000 — 3,000 — 4,000 — 5,000 FEET

CONTOUR INTERVAL 40 FEET

Projection: Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 11, North American Datum 1983 (m)

Base map: U.S. Geological Survey Caliente 7.5′ quadrangle (2021)

Hillshade: Derived from 1/3 arc second data from The National Map.

Nevada Bureau of Mines and Geology
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University of Nevada, Reno

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